





FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

ON

THE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT, 2019



Image 1 Consumer Protection

1. Who is a consumer?

Consumer is a person who buys any goods or hires or avails any services for a consideration. Consumer also includes a person who uses such goods or is a beneficiary of service with the approval of purchaser. However, Consumer does not include a person who buys goods or services for any commercial purpose. Commercial purpose does not include use of goods bought and used by a person exclusively for the purpose of earning his livelihood, by means of self-employment. It includes both offline and online transactions. The term consumer has been defined under Section 2(7) of the Act.

2. What are the rights of the Consumer?

Under the Consumer Protection Act, 2019, a consumer has the following rights:

- a. **Right of Protection** A consumer has the right to be protected against the **marketing** of goods, products, or services which are **hazardous to life and property**.
- b. **Right to Information** A consumer has the right to be informed about the **quality**, **quantity**, **potency**, **purity**, **standard and price** of goods, products or services, as the case may be, so as to protect the consumer against **unfair trade practices**.
- c. **Right of assurance** A consumer has the right to be assured, wherever possible, access to a variety of goods, products or services at competitive prices.
- d. **Right to be heard** A consumer has the right to heard and be assured that consumer's interest will receive due consideration at appropriate fora.
- e. **Right to seek Redressal** A consumer has the right to seek redressal against unfair trade practices or unscrupulous exploitation of consumers.
- f. **Right to Awareness** A consumer has the right to consumer awareness.

3. Who can file a complaint under the Consumer Protection Act?

The following persons can file a complaint under the Consumer Protection Act:

- A consumer;
- Any voluntary consumer association registered under any law for the time being in force;







- The Central Government or any State Government;
- The Central Authority i.e. the Central Consumer Protection Authority.
- One or more consumers, where there are numerous consumers having the same interest;
- Legal heir or legal representative, in case of death of a consumer;
- Parent or legal guardian, in case the consumer is a minor.

4. What can be complained under the Consumer Protection Act?

A complaint can be filed by a complainant for –

- Unfair Contract or unfair trade practice or a restrictive trade practice has been adopted by any trader or service provider;
- **Defective Goods** i.e. the goods bought by him or agreed to be bought by him suffer from one or more defects;
- **Deficiency of Services** i.e. the services hired or availed of or agreed to be hired or availed of by him suffer from any deficiency.
- Excessive Price i.e. a trader or a service provider has charged for the goods or for the services, a price in excess of the price (a) fixed by or under any law; (b) displayed on the goods or packaging; (c) displayed on the price list exhibited by him or under any law; (d) agreed between the parties;
- Hazardous goods are being offered for sale (a) in contravention of standards relating to safety of such goods as required to be complied with; (b) where the trader knows that the goods so offered are unsafe to the public.
- **Hazardous services** i.e. the services which are hazardous or likely to be hazardous to life and safety of the public when used, are being offered by a person who provides any service and who knows it to be injurious to life and safety;
- **Product Liability** i.e. a claim for product liability action lies against the product manufacturer, product seller or product service provider.

5. Where can the complaint be filed?

- **District Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission (DCDRC)** value of goods and services paid for does not exceed 1 crore Rupees.
- State Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission (SCDRC) value of goods and services paid for is more than 1 crore but does not exceed 10 crore Rupees.
- National Disputes Redressal Commission (NCDRC) value of goods and services paid for does exceeds 10 crore Rupees.







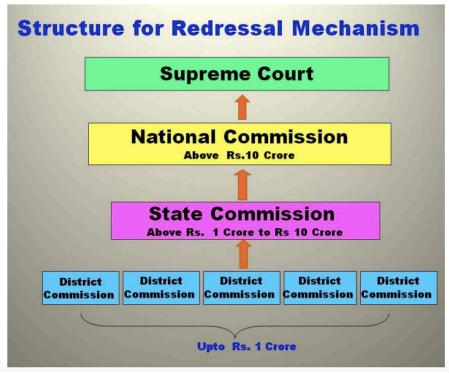


Image 2 Structure of Redressal Mechanism under the Consumer Protection Act, 2019

6. Can a consumer complaint be filed online?

Yes, a consumer complaint can be filed online at https://edaakhil.nic.in/edaakhil. Which is an initiative by the Department of Consumer Affairs, Government of India. It has a detailed handbook, and tutorials for helping the consumers in the process of e-filing. The Handbook for E-Daakhil can be accessed at http://edaakhil.nic.in/edaakhil handbook.pdf.



Image 3 E-Daakhil Portal





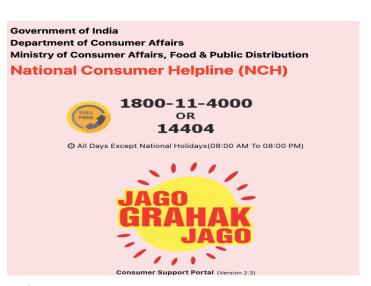




Image 4: E-Daakhil Main Page

7. Is there a Consumer Helpline Number?

Yes. There is a National Consumer Helpline (NCH) number i.e. 1800-11-4000 or 14404 which is available on https://consumerhelpline.gov.in/. The number works on all days (8:00 am to 8:00 pm) except National Holidays.









References:

1. The Consumer Protection Act, 2019.

2. Image 1 sourced from: https://www.latestlaws.com/legal-faqs/consumer-laws-faqs.

3. Image 2 sourced from: https://consumerhelpline.gov.in/ConsumerCourt.pdf.

4. Image 3 sourced from: https://edaakhil.nic.in/index.html

5. Image 4 sourced from: https://edaakhil.nic.in/edaakhil/

6. Image 5 sourced from: https://consumerhelpline.gov.in/
